

Towards a Digital Twin of the Gut Microbiota: Multiscale Modeling and Host Interaction

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The human gut microbiota plays a crucial role in many physiological processes and its imbalance is linked to various diseases. Understanding the complex interactions between host and microbiota is therefore essential to advancing knowledge in health and disease.

In this work, I present a multiscale computational framework that couples a two-dimensional colon model [4, 3] based on the assumption of axisymmetry with a one-dimensional crypt model [1, 2] to simulate host-microbiota interactions.

The colon model is based on a strongly coupled system of partial differential equations (PDEs), including advection–diffusion–reaction (ADR) equations for solid and dissolved components and the Stokes equation to model intestinal transport.

This system is discretized and solved using the FEniCSx finite element library.

The crypt model, in contrast, is governed by a degenerate parabolic equation that describes cell migration along the crypt axis.

The two models are coupled through the imposition of biologically motivated boundary conditions at the interface between the crypt and colon domains. In this region, the finite element mesh of the colon domain is locally refined to accurately capture the exchange of fluxes and preserve numerical stability across scales.

To enhance biological realism, I introduced a double mucus layer structure : a protective Inner Mucus layer and a softer Outer Mucus layer where bacterial populations can accumulate.

Additionally, a more anatomically realistic 3D colon geometry was implemented, including haustral folds, which affect flow and metabolite distribution.

These developments lay the groundwork for future applications, including the integration of patientspecific data in a digital twin framework.

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